TOGO TELLS THE STORY OF ATTACK.

Reached Harbor on 12th and Succeeded in Sinking Mines in Several Places.

PETROPAVLOVSK STRUCK ONE.

This Claim by the Japanese Admiral is Authoritively Denied by the Russians.

Tokio, April 16, 9:30 p. m .- The long awaited report of Vice Admiral Togo. describing the seventh Japanese attack of Port Arthur, reached the navy department tonight. The report is as fol-

"The attack opened April 11. Two destroyer divisions of our torpedo flotilla and one steamer reached the mouth of the harbor at midnight, April 12. Despite the enemy's searchlights, they succeeded in sinking mines quickly in several places. Another destroyer flotilla, with the special mission of drawing out the enemy, while reconnoitering April 13, southeast of the Liao Tishan promontory outside the harbor encountered a four-masted destroyer of the enemy which they attacked and sunk in ter minutes. About the same time they observed another destroyer coming from the direction of Liao Tishan They attacked it, but owing to the long range did not succeed in sinking it. It fled and took refuge in the owing to the approach of the enemy's cruiser Bayan.

"The third squadron reaching outside the harbor at 8 o'clock in the morning, protected the second destroyer flotilla and reconnoitered at the same time. At 9 a, m, the cruiser Bayan attacked us at long range, but was soon repulsed. The enemy's cruisers Novik, Askold and Diana, together with the battleships Petropaylovsk, Pobleda, Poltava and other vessels joined the Bayan and attacked us. The third squadron gave to the southeast for about 15 miles.

'At this time the first squadron which was hidden in a fog 30 miles distant, received a wireless message quickly advanced and attacked the enemy, who retreated. We chased them to the harbor entrance where a ship of the Petropavlovsk type seen blown up by a mine, sunk by us the night before at 10:30.
"Two other of the enemy's ships

seeing this showed utter confusion. Another ship was seen also blown up by mines, but she could not be identified, owing to the confusion which prevailed for about an hour.

"The remaining of the enemy's ships, shooting water from both sides, gradually went into the harbor and noon none of the enemy's ships was seen outside the harbor. There were no casualties in the

third squadron. The enemy's likely was slight. Our first squadron had not reached the gun range at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of the same and our squadron left the mouth of the harbor for our temporary rendezvous.

'Again after preparation at 4 p. m April 14 we went towards Port Arthur with the second, fourth and fifth destroyer flotilla. The ninth torpedo flotilla reached the mouth of the harbor at 3 o'clock in the morning. April 15, and succeeded in effecting its

"At 7 a. m. the third squadron appeared before the harbor, but was not observed by the enemy. The squadron found the inner harbor quiet. The first squadron reached Port Arthur at 9 o'clock the same morning. Observing three floating mines. Observing three floating mines ing. Observing three floating mines laid by the enemy the squadron shot and sank them.

"At 10 a. m. the cruisers Naisshin and Kasuga, were detached to go under the Liao Thie Shan promon-tory and open an indirect cannonade on the inner harbor, which was kept up for about two hours.

"The enemy's forts and ships in-side replied but without damage. These two ships in their first trial against the enemy must have had a good effect, as the new fortress west of Llao Tishan was silenced by them. 'At 1:30 in the afternoon they ceased and returned to the fleet.

"The fact that not a single man was injured in these successive attacks must be attributed to his majesty's glorious virtue. The officers and men proved gallant and did their utmost in the discharge of their duties, despite many things that seemed beyond human control,

"The ships freely moving over the

Life's Change.

Much Suffering at This Critical Period Saved by Dr. Miles' Nervine.

"Change of life" is one of woman's greatest and most dangerous troubles. Often it is not recognized, and the distressing symptoms are mistaken for Dyspepsia, Liver, Wemb Trouble, etc. The depressing constitutional effects of Change of Life, and the female Disorders so common at that period, are best treated with a general nerve restorative which will give tone to the

entire system-Dr. Miles' Nervine, The beneficial effects of this celebrated medicine are very quickly felt, and the constitutional disturbances tided over. Pain and anxiety are relieved, and fresh energy infused into mind and body. It is the medicine which acts on the

nerves which regulate the organs of the Such distressing troubles as Backache,

Headache, Bearing-down Pains, Bleating. Indigestion, Menstruut Irregular-Ities, Irritability, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Tired Feeling, are relieved and cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine

"My wife was a sufferer from an attack of nervous prostration, brought on by female weakness, and was in very poor health. After reading one of Dr. Miles' advertisements, she concluded to try Dr. Miles' Nervine. She obtained good results from the start, and new after taking second bottle enjoys good health. Words cannot express our ap-

damage must be attributed to heaven

ly assistance JAPANESE MUCH ELATED. Tokio, April 17, 5 p. m.-The Japan. ave won at Port Arthur. They are iso proud of the achievement of Vice dimiral Togo, particularly of his newest strategy in countermining the enemy's harbor and decoying him across this field of mines to an equally dan-

gerous flank attack.

The success of the system of placing deadly countermines is due principally to a series of careful observations made by the Japanese during their previous attacks on Port Arthur. The Japanese saw the Russian fleet leave the harbor and return to it several times, and they discovered that the Russian warships followed an identical course every time they came out or went in, evidently for the purpose of avoiding their own mines. The Japnese took bearings on this course When the destroyer division of the Japanese torpedo dotilla laid the countermines during the night of April 12-13, they placed them along this course. The laying of these countermines was exceedingly peritous, because if any Japanese boat with mines on board had been struck by a lucky Russian

shot she would have been annihilated. The weather of the night of April 12-13 favored the work. There was a heavy rain, the night was dark and cloudy, and the Russian searchlights playing over the channel falled to re-veal the presence of the Japanese de-

Rear Admiral Dewa was in command of the Japanese squadron which decoyed the Russian ships over the field of mines. His squadron consisted of the cruisers Chitose, Yoshino, Kasaga and Takasago, all unarmored vessels, which presented a tempting bait for the heavier Russlan ships, Vice Admiral Toga directed the flank attack. He had the battleships Hatsu-

se, Mikasi, Asasi, Shikashima, Yash-mia and Fugi. He waited 30 miles out at sea until Rear Admiral Dewa signated him by wireless telegraphy to come in. His vessels then dashed at full speed toward the entrance of the harbor. All the battleships under Vice Admiral Togo are capable of a speed of 18 knots and the quickly covered the distance.

it. It fled and took refuge harbor. Our casualties were only two sailors slightly wounded. We had no sailors slightly wounded. We had no squadron on the horizon and retreated squadron on the harbor. Vice Ad-It is not clear what warned the Rusprecipitately to the harbor. Vice Admiral Togo did not succeed in preventing the Russians from entering, but did force them to a disastrous retreat, which ended in the destruction of the Petropaylovsk and the disabling of the After these occurrences the cruisers Nishin and Kasuga were used to bombard Port Arthur. They pos-sess the highest angle guns of the fleet, capable of throwing shells to the elevated Russian land works, which are beyond attainment by the average na-

Vice Admiral Togo calls this attack on Port Arthur the eighth, whereas here it is numbered the seventh. A probable explanation is that Vice Admiral Togo regards the last operation as two distinct attacks.

Expressions of regret at the death of Vice Admiral Makaroff are general here. Speaking for the naval staff, Commander Ogasawara has published a lengthy statement in which he la-ments the death of the Russian vice admiral and prorounces it to be a loss to the navies of the world. Command. er Ogasawara reviews the life, pro-fessional career and the personal at tributes of Vice Admiral Makaroff, and declares that he is entitled to be

classed with the best admirals of the The Koryu Maru, which participated in the latest att is a torpedo boat ship under the com mand of Commander Oda. Oda is mine expert, and the success of the Japanese countermining operations was due largely to his ingenuity and

The Japanese report that the wreck of the Petropavlovsk lies east of South Godlen Hill, one mile outside the en-

RUSSIANS DOUBT TOGO'S REPORT. St. Petersburg, April 17 .- "Notwithstanding Vice Admiral Togo's claim that mines laid by his vessels were responsible for the disaster to the Petro. pavlovsk," said a high naval authority, who is in a position to have access to all government reports, to the Assoclated Press, 'I am more than ever convinced that the Petropavlovsk and convinced that the Petropavlovsk and the Pobleda did not strike Japanese mines. Each ship was struck under the hull amidships, while a mine would have exploded on first contact near the bows. The fact that in both cases the ships were struck amidships might warrant the acceptance of the theory teganding submarine vessels, although regarding submarine vessels, although personally I do not hold that idea. The Pobleda probably escaped the fate of the Petropavlovsk because she carried coal in her bunkers between the bot-tem and the boilers, which, moreover, are of the Velleville type, whereas the boilers of the Petropavlovsk were of Scotch make and were not protected

by her bunkers." One of the shrewdest naval attaches at St. Petersburg, however, told the Associated Press that he believed the Associated Press that he believed the Japanese laid the mines which were responsible for the disaster, pointing out that this was one of the oldest systems of blockading, when ships did not dare to run the risk of entering under an enemy's guns. The attache said he thought they would do this harbor. Several spent torpedoes were picked up by the Rusisans. It is not impossible that one of these spent Whitehead torpedoes exploded against the battleship Pobieda.

battleship Pobleda. Lieut, Doubelsky, one of the officers of the Petropaylovsk who survived the disaster, succumbed to his injuries yes-terday and several other survivars are et expected to recover. Four hundred and fifty members of

he naval reserve, whose terms of ervice expired in 1903, left this evening for Port Arthur to replace the men lost by the explosion on the flagship, and another detachment will leave to-

Baron Schilling, the torpedo pert, has gone to Vladivoatok to take charge of the two submarine boats there. Other submarines are going out n sections The admirality admits buying four

large German steamships which will be converted into eruisers. It is believed that the admiralty is negotiating also for the purchase of four similar vessels from the United States.

DENIED BY THE RUSSIANS.

St. Petersburg, April 16.-The claim of Vice Admiral Togo, commander in chief of the Japanese squadron, that he sank mines off Port, Arthur at midnight on Tuesday has elicited an authoritative statement that not a single Japanese torpedo bout ap-proached the entrance to Port Arthur t that time. The informant of the Associated Press is in a position to have access to all official reports but he admits he can not explain the Petrepayloysk explosion. An admiral has given a version of the affair con-firming that of Vice Admiral Togo. He declares that Japanese torpedo boats came up the previous evening and laid mines along the shore south of the entrance to the harbor. He claims that the torpedo boats were seen to make off in a different direction from that in which they came. The Russian flagship, he says, drew out from the line as the squadron re-entered the harbor, thus getting among the

Japanese Rejoicing Restrained. New York, April 18 .- The extreme restraint of the Japanese rejoicing over ernment. The vessel, which is lying in

at Krautsand, on the lower Elbe, has been visited by a committee of Russian

enemy's ground without suffering any the sinking of the Petropavlovsk is markedly in contrast with previous exibitions of public feeling, says a World

dispatch from Kobe. The Osaka Mamich says: "While the mation rejoices the individual mourns the death under such circumstances of the distinguished and gallant Maka-

There was a great lautern procession nt Nagoya Saturday night. One thou-sand white lanterns were carried in token of mourning for the dead, and thos bearing the lanterns were preceded by banners inscribed "We sorrow un

quenchably for the brave Russian Mak-The bands played funeral marches, A meeting of those in the procession

In Wake of Japanese Army.

was addressed by military and civic

Seoul. April 18 .- A dispatch from Ping Yang under yesterday's date, received here at 7 o'clock this morning says that the country in the wake of the Japanese army is resuming its normal conditions. The majority of the inhabitants left their homes before the troops arrived but are now returning. They have learned that the Japanese soldiers treat the people well, paying for their sup-plies and are under strict discipline. Several thousand coolies are employed carrying rice to the front at more than he customary wages. Altogether the Japanese army is giving an admirable exhibition of order and self restraint. There is no looting or robberies although the soldiers' rations are limited and the country is full of cattle, pourry and other provisions which might be taken. An engagement with the enemy is not expected soon.

Russia Wants the Deutschland.

New York, April 18.—Despite official denials the World's Hamburg corresliner Dutschland, by the Russian gov- seniority. He was already an officer

RUSSIA'S GREAT VICE ADMIRAL.

Forty Years in Active Service, Makaroff Had a Remarkable Record.

HE WAS A BORN FICHTER.

Story Written for the Deseret News At St. Petersburg Before His Tragic Fate Came.

Special Correspondence.

St. Petersburg, March 25 .- Vice Admiral Stephan Osipovich Makaroff, the new commander of the Russian naval forces in the far east, is one of the greatest men in the Russsian navy. Not only has he a fighting record dating from the last war between Russia and Turkey, but he is a tactician and an inventor of the first rank. He is only fifty-six years old, yet he has been in active service for a full forty years, since 1864. His promotions have been pondent asserts that negotiations are in almost every instance for distin-under way for the purchase of the great guished achievement and not through in almost every instance for distin-



THE LATE VICE ADMIRAL MAKAROFF OF THE BUSSIAN

forts.

penetrate.

niral Chihacheff.

Constantine, whose armament he him-

self had designed and with which he

made a series of attacks on Turkish forts. He was among the first of the

European naval officers to profit by

the lesson which the American Civil war taught as to the value of tor-

pedoes, and the Grand Duke Constan-

tine was equipped with such missiles, invented by Makaroff. For this work

in this war he was made captain of

the second rank, invested with the orders of St. Valentine and St. George

and appointed to the post of fleet adju-

tant to the late Emperor Alexander II.
The young captain then turned his at-

tention from active warfare to the invention of improvements in the con-

struction and equipment of warships

One of the first products of his inven-

tive genius was a scheme for making iron vessels unsinkable by lining the underwater compartments with blocks

of a plaster which the water could not

In 1881 Makaroff was with the land

forces in Skobeleff's legion at the tak-ing of Geok Tene. In that battle Gen-eral Kuropatkin, who is to command

the Russian army in Manchuria, also took part. In 1882 he commanded the cruiser Tamen, guardship of the Rus-

dan embassy at Constantinople. For

two years after that he was chief of staff of the Baltic squadron under Ad-

Subsequently Makaroff made a tour of the world on the corvet Cityaz. During this tour, which lasted from

1885 to 1889, he made hydrographic ob-

servations which won him high hon-

ors from the Imperial Academy of Sci-

From 1891 to 1894 Makaroff, then ; rear admiral and inspector general of the naval artillery, was engaged in the

inprovement of ordnance. Among the

any inventions which he made dur-

ing this period was the "cap gun," which possesses 20 per cent greater power of penetration than the guns

which Russia had theretofore been

Afterward Makaroff commanded in

urn the Baltic and Mediterranean

an and China came on he was ordered

o the east to command a division of lice Admiral Tyttoff's fleet. Returning

hand of the Baltic fleet and in 1899

vas made commander in chief of the

During intervals between terms of

ctive service Admiral Makaroff in-

ented and developed his ice breaking

steamer, a new department of naval

construction which has proved of the

greatest value to Russia, owning, as she does, so many harbors which are

ice blocked during a large part of the

arbor of Cronstadt.

Russia, he was again given com-

fleets, and when the war between Ja-

gentlemen, the correspondent adds, and of high rank when the war with Turexamined particularly as to her engines and coal capacity.

key broke out. In that campaign he commanded the gunboat Grand Duke

Russia Needs Money,

London, April 18.-Rports are again in circulation here of Russia's need to raise money. When the war broke out the gold held abroad by the Bank of Russia amounted to \$87,500,000. Of this amount \$50,000,000 has been expended, and therefore, according to these reports, it would soon be necessary to have recourse to the gold held in the treasury.

According to a telegram from Brussels printed this morning, the outcome of the ways and means conference at St. Petersburg will be the issue of \$200,000,000 in 5 per cent treasury bonds in Paris, Brussels and Amsterdam.

WIRELESS WAR MESSAGES. Russian Order About Them May Go Too Far.

London, April 18 .- Editorials bearing upon the subject of wireless telegraphic war messages in which the Times contends that Russia is proposing to go to a length which outruns all reason and recalls the fact that the Times' dispatch boat was stopped and searched by a Russian warship not long ago. No objection was made to this then, while the Japanese authorities were not interested in any way. The Times It is doubtful whether in the present

condition of their fleet the Russians are able to execute their threat, but chance delivered the Halmun into their hands they could attain the end they desire without perpetrating what in the eyes of civilized people would be an outrage. We should not raise any objection to the severest censorship, exercised in accordance with the prin-ciples recognized by modern warfare The Russians will find that the appliation of scientific discoveries to mod rn requirements cannot be checked by the region where Russian bureaucracy

Struck by a Train and Killed

Allentown, Pa., April 17.—George Clauser, aged 40; Edith M. Metzlen, aged 15, and Stella Knaus, aged 17, ere struck and instantly killed by Reading railway passenger train near their home near Macungle, while walking home from church on the railroad

Two Men Asphyxiated. San Francisco, April 17.-Two men led from gas asphyxiation today. James McGinly, a penalless waiter, com-mitted suicide. P. Finnan, employed mitted suicide. P. Finnan, employed at the United States commissary deartment, was found dying in his room and died at the hospital. It is not known whether his death was due to accident or design.

The Hotel Will Supply GRAPE-NUTS

On Request.

year. Makaroff's ice breakers are in use now at Port Arthur and Vladivostok and were employed in Lake Balkal the two sections of the Transsiberian railroad until the ice froze so hard that troops and stores could be transported or, its surface. Admiral Makaroff is a big. stalwart man with an enormous beard, much longer than Alexieff's, a large head and face, the reverse of the generally accepted type of student and inventor. His manner is of the mildest, but his

his men, by whom he is idolized. His sailors are all his "little brothers." Admiral Makaroff's skill as a naval constructor will be of great service in raising and repairing the Russian ships at Port Arthur damaged by Japanese fire, and his record in torpedo warfare shows that the Japanese mosquito fleet will not have things so

authority is none the less absolute over

much its own way in the future.

IVAN DEMITSKI.

Diseases at Seat of War.

St. Petersburg, April 17.-According troops in Korea have been ravaged by various diseases. One of these diseases, called "imbion," is a kind of intermittent typhus. Another, called the Russians at Harbin.

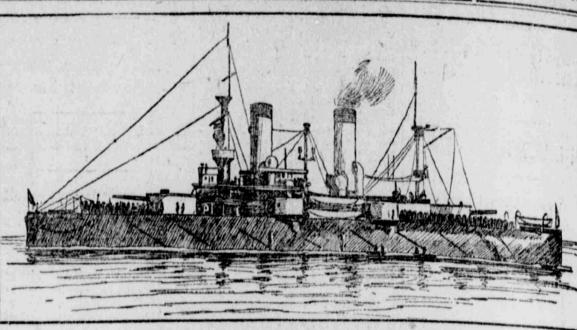
spection of our lists, balbrigan and mercerized effects.

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"souda," which has not yet been stud- | It Is Next To You. ied by European doctors, produces St. Petersburg, April 17.—According premature sentility. The patients lose to the reports of spies the Japanese their teeth, become extremely weak troops in Korea have been ravaged by and the nails are twisted back on the

Spring and summer underwear if poor of fabric, lumpy and ungainly is uncomfortable stuff. We invite your inspection of our lists, balbrigan and mercerized effects.



THE LOST RUSSIAN BATTLESHIP PETROPAVLOVSK

The loss of the first class battleship Petropavlovsk off Port Arthur will be a serious blow to Russia's paral The loss of the first class battlesdern vessel of nearly 11,000 tons displacement and carried a heavy armament, consisting of four twelve-inch and twelve six-inch guns, besides about thirty smaller quick firers and machine guns and six torpedo tubes. Her complement was 700 men,

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which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. Its virtues are derived solely from gas, made in large part from the best oxygen producers. By a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time, these gases

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tal matter.

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All diseases that begin with fever-all inflamma-tion-all catarra-all contagious diseases-all the results of impure or poisonous blood, in nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalitat, accomplishing what no drugs can do. That price was paid because Liquo-

the cause of any germ disease. And no man knows another way to do it.

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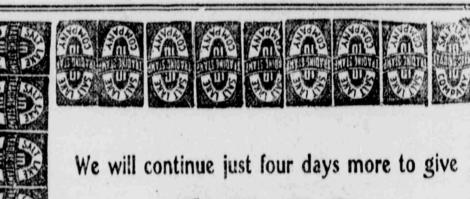
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